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AAH-003-001602 Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) Examination

April/May - 2016

Physics : Paper - P-602

(Statistical Mechanics, Solid State Physics & Plasma Physics)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 001602

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) Write answers of Q-1 (MCQs) in the main answer book.
(2) Figures on right side indicate marks.
(3) Symbols have their usual meaning.

1 Select correct answer from given options for the following **20** questions :

- (1) An interesting feature shown by powder method is that the resolving power becomes very high when the reflected ray is thrown back by an angle nearly _____
(a) 90° (b) 45°
(c) 180° (d) 0°
- (2) Bragg's law is represented by the equation ,
(a) $n\lambda = d \sin \theta$ (b) $n\lambda = 2d \sin \theta$
(c) $2\lambda = nd \sin \theta$ (d) $d\lambda = 2n \sin \theta$
- (3) F-D statistics is applicable to particles which are _____
(a) distinguishable (b) indistinguishable
(c) having zero spin (d) electrons
- (4) B-E statistics is applicable to particles which are _____
(a) distinguishable (b) photons
(c) electrons (d) macro
- (5) In B-E statistics, internal energy of particles at absolute zero is taken as _____
(a) infinite (b) zero
(c) finite (d) negative

- (6) At high temperature, Fermi distribution reduces to _____ distribution.
- (a) Maxwell-Boltzman (b) Fermi-Dirac
(c) Einstein (d) Planck
- (7) Electrical conductivity of Plasma increases with increase in _____
- (a) magnetic field (b) pressure
(c) temperature (d) none
- (8) At the temperature slightly more than melting point, material exists in the _____ state.
- (a) vapour (b) liquid
(c) plasma (d) solid
- (9) The nature of magnetic Bremsstrahlung radiation will depend on the _____
- (a) electric field (b) pressure
(c) electron density (d) none
- (10) In Plasma Display Technology, a gas discharge plasma is created by applying _____ between the electrodes.
- (a) electric field (b) magnetic field
(c) pressure (d) force
- (11) The most ordered smectic crystals have a _____ structure.
- (a) twisted (b) liquid
(c) layer (d) rod like
- (12) In Thermotropic liquid crystals, the molecular ordering changes with change in _____
- (a) concentration (b) electric field
(c) pressure (d) temperature
- (13) Which crystal has twisted structure about the helical axis ?
- (a) cholesteric (b) nematic
(c) smectic (d) lyotropic
- (14) The Pure Nematic crystals are basically _____
- (a) insulators (b) semiconductors
(c) conductors (d) gases
- (15) Kammerlingh found that the resistance of mercury drops suddenly to almost zero when the temperature falls below _____
- (a) 2.4 °K (b) 8.4 °K
(c) 4.2 °C (d) 4.2 °K
- (16) When the dimension of a superconductor increases under a stress , its transition temperature T_c _____
- (a) increases (b) becomes zero
(c) remains same (d) decreases

- (17) In a superconducting state, when the magnetic field is switched off, current induced in superconductor does not decay with time. This current is called _____ current.
- (a) Photo-electric (b) displacement
(c) thermoelectric (d) persistent
- (18) When the size of superconductor is reduced below 10^{-4} cm, critical magnetic field
- (a) decreases (b) becomes zero
(c) remains same (d) increases
- (19) When the layer of ZnS : Mn is excited by ultra-violet or X-rays, it emits _____ luminescence.
- (a) red (b) blue
(c) yellow (d) green
- (20) Photo-sensitivity is defined as "photo conductivity per unit excitation _____"
- (a) frequency (b) intensity
(c) wavelength (d) power

2 Attempt the following :

- (a) Write short answers to the following : (any **three**) **6**
- (1) What are bosons and boltzons ?
 - (2) Explain division of phase space into phase cells and using Uncertainty principle, show that its volume is h^3 .
 - (3) How the superconducting properties of metals can be changed ?
 - (4) Write limitations of Laue method for crystal structure determination.
 - (5) Explain Photo-sensitivity.
 - (6) Write names of various luminescent crystal solids (Phosphors).
- (b) Give answers to the following : (any **three**) **9**
- (1) Discuss : The Sterling's Approximation.
 - (2) Derive equation of volume in Phase space in terms of momentum.
 - (3) Obtain Stefan-Boltzmann law of energy density using Planck's formula.
 - (4) Explain Dulong and Petit law for specific heat of solids.
 - (5) Compare M-B, B-E and F-D statistics in brief.
 - (6) Write applications of Plasma.

- (c) Write in detail : (any **two**) **10**
- (1) Derive the distribution law for B-E statistics.
 - (2) Derive Planck's law for Black body radiation.
 - (3) Explain : Rotating crystal method.
 - (4) Derive the distribution law for M-B statistics.
 - (5) Describe Powder-photograph method to determine the structure of a crystal.
- 3** Attempt the following :
- (a) Write short answers to the following : (any **three**) **6**
- (1) Discuss cyclotron radiation in Plasma.
 - (2) Explain "critical magnetic field " in case of superconductivity.
 - (3) What is "Larmor orbiting" ?
 - (4) Write names of various luminescent crystal solids (Phosphors).
 - (5) Write applications of liquid crystals.
 - (6) What is Photo ionization of atoms ?
- (b) Give answers to the following : (any **three**) **9**
- (1) Write a note on Cholesteric liquid crystals.
 - (2) Explain Meissner Effect of Flux exclusion.
 - (3) Discuss Ionization of atoms and molecules.
 - (4) Write a note on Smectic liquid crystals.
 - (5) Describe properties which change in superconductivity transitions.
 - (6) Explain "Bremsstrahlung" in case of Plasma.
- (c) Write in detail : (any **two**) **10**
- (1) Write a note : Applications of superconductors in various fields.
 - (2) Write in detail : Dielectric and magnetic properties of Plasma.
 - (3) Discuss : Electro-luminescence.
 - (4) Write a note : Applications of superconductors in various fields.
 - (5) Describe the method of production of Plasma in absence of any gas.